

Emotional States in Clickbait Headlines

👤 Bryan D. Hayes¹, Genevieve Bartlett²

¹San Diego State University

²Information Sciences Institute, University of Southern California

INTRODUCTION

Clickbait is a social media nuisance that can spread misinformation and malware.

The Time I Spent On A Commercial Whaling Ship Totally Changed My Perspective On The World clckhl.co/qbpK0IP

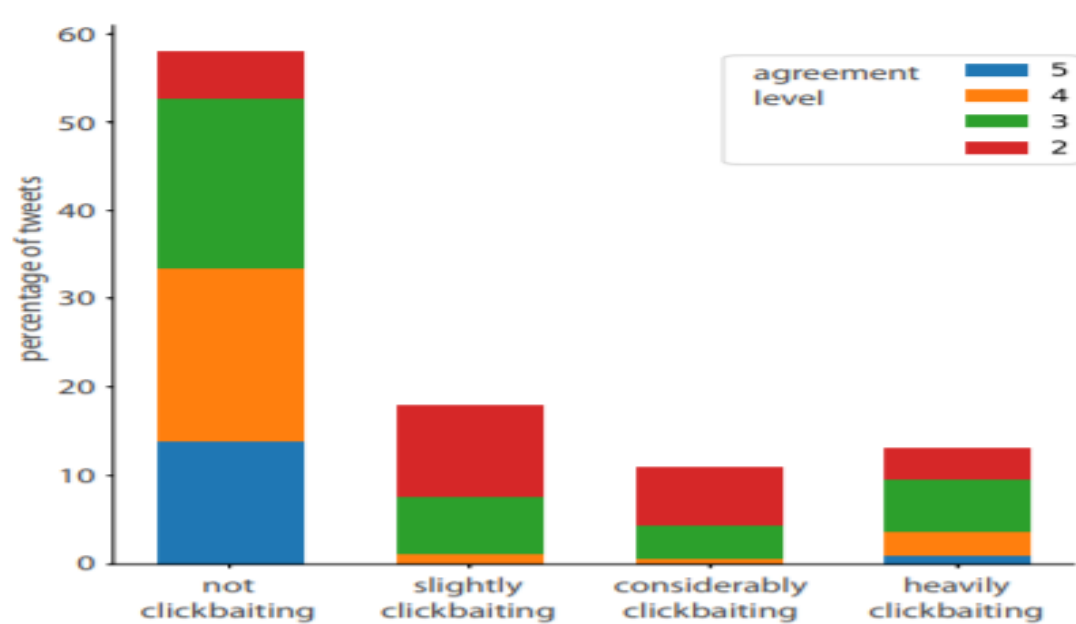


Existing clickbait classifiers don't address the **emotional states** that distinguish clickbait headlines from other news.

DATA

• Webis-Clickbait Corpus

• 19,538 tweets, 2016-2017



METHODS

- Related emotional states to measurable linguistic features.
- Counted features using Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count tool.

RESULTS

- Features are more prevalent in clickbait than non-clickbait.
- All features correlate (moderate-strong) with clickbaitness score. ($p < 0.05$)

FEATURES

Curiosity Gap

- Forward-Reference

This Picture Proves How Much Billie Eilish Actually Loves Justin Bieber



This Picture Proves How Much Billie Eilish Actually Loves Justin Bieber
In case it wasn't clear.
buzzfeed.com

Sensemaking

- Listicles

17 People Who've Basically Declared War On Their Roommates



Roommate has date coming by later and asked me to clean bc he's not home. So I made a Princess D shrine in his room

17 Roommate Pranks That Are So Good They're Borderline Evil
Might as well live alone.
buzzfeed.com

Engagement

- Direct Reference

This Italian City's Orange-Sized Hailstones Will Freak You Out And Make You Never Want To Leave Your House



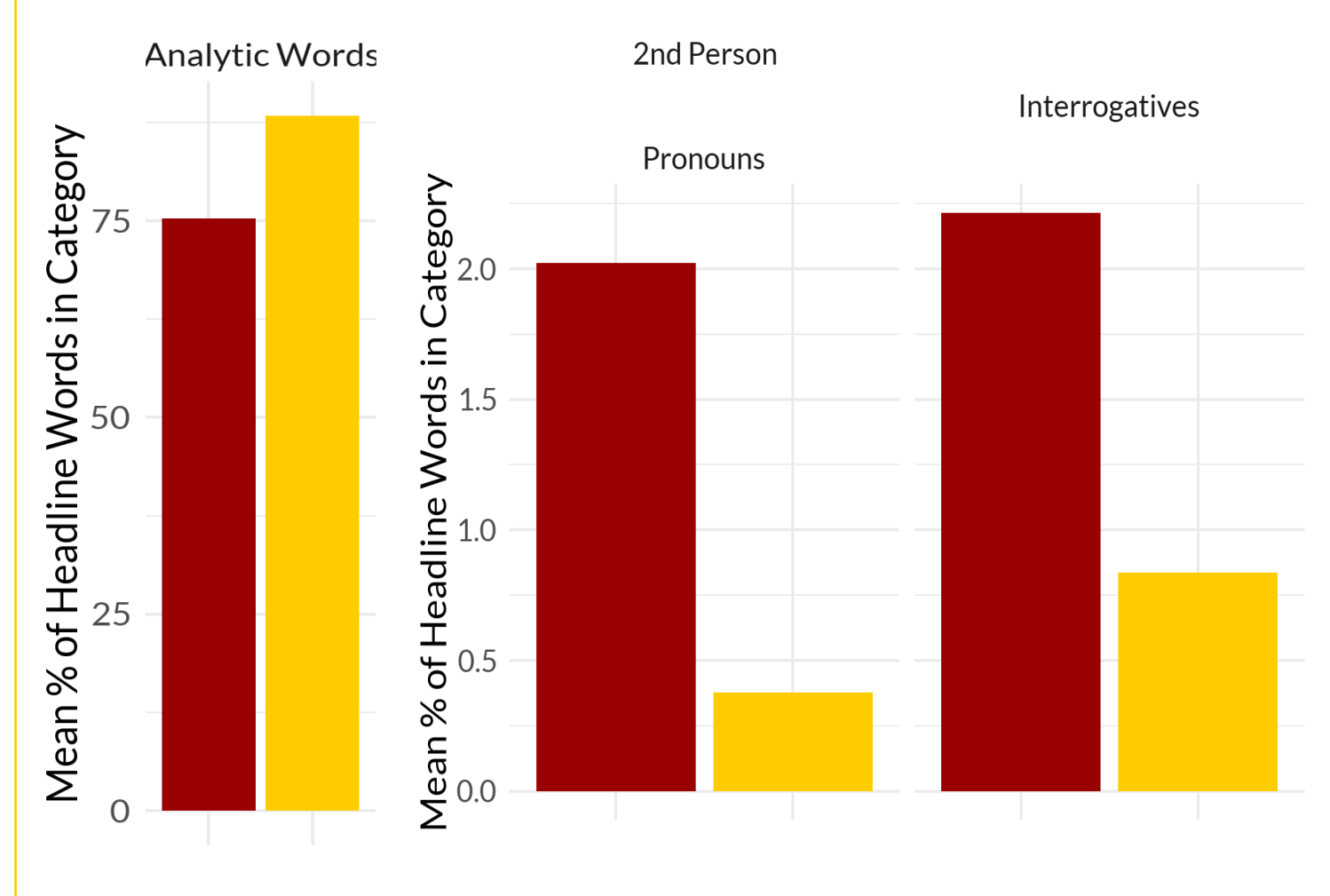
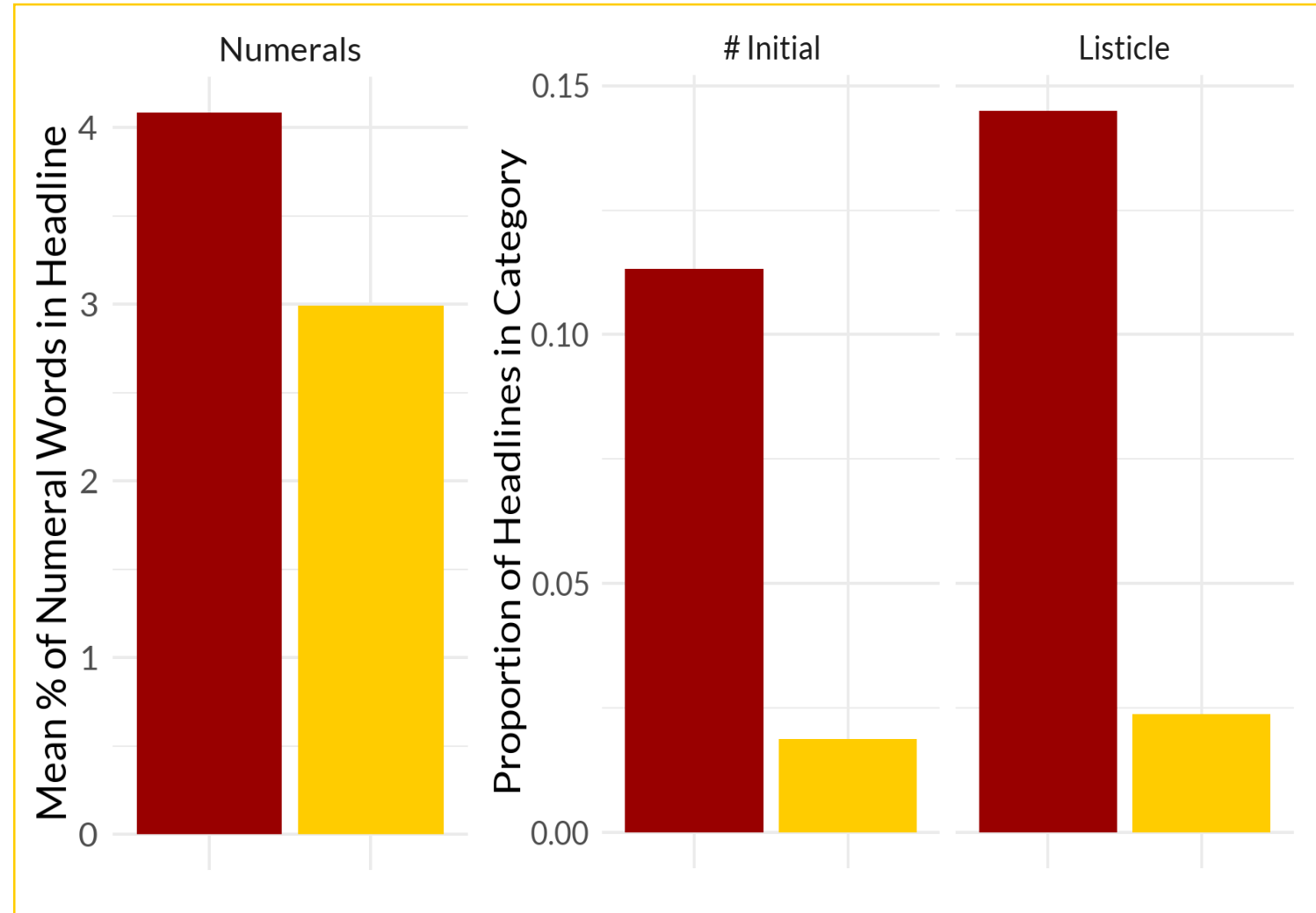
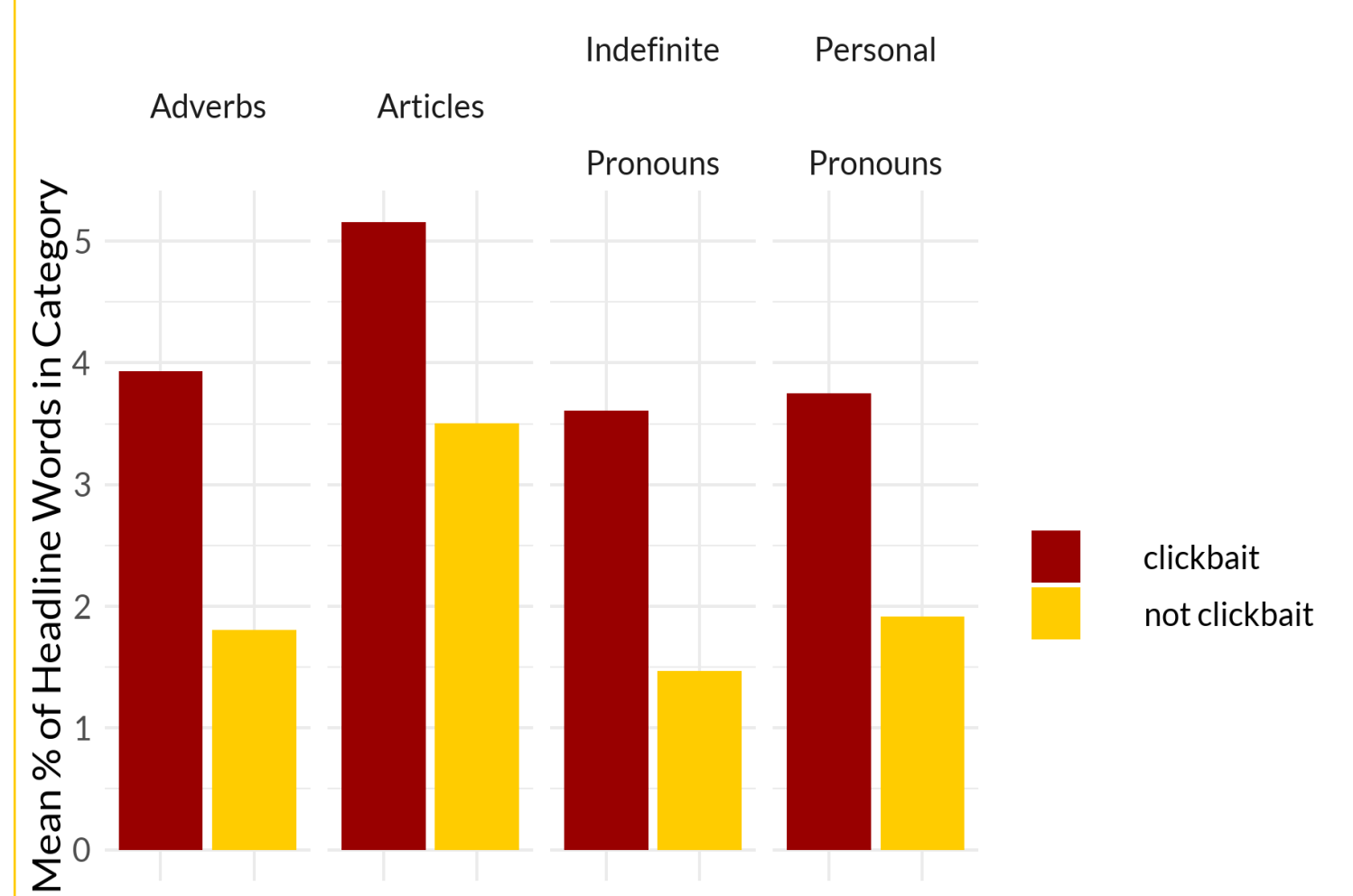
This Italian City's Orange-Sized Hailstones Will Freak You Out And Make You ...
People are calling them "ice bullets."
buzzfeed.com

DISCUSSION

- Features are hard to capture with word counts alone.
- More psychological dimensions should be considered.
- Clickbait is hard to define.

FUTURE WORK

- Behavioral Studies
 - Refine definition of clickbait.
 - Determine whether awareness of psychological manipulation affects clicking habits.



References

- Martin Potthast, Tim Gollub, Kristof Komlossy, Sebastian Schuster, Matti Wiegmann, Erika Patricia Garces Fernandez, Matthias Hagen, and Benno Stein. Crowdsourcing a Large Corpus of Clickbait on Twitter. In Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Computational Linguistics, pages 1498-1507, Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA, August 2018. Association for Computational Linguistics.
- Yla R. Tausczik and James W. Pennebaker. The Psychological Meaning of Words: LIWC and Computerized Text Analysis Methods. Journal of Language and Social Psychology, 29(1):24-54, March 2010.