

What is git?

How does it work?

How to use it?

Hands-on use case.

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### What is git?

- Created by Linus Torvalds in 2005.
- Version control for the Linux kernel.
- "Take Concurrent Versions System (CVS) as an example of what not to do; if in doubt, make the exact opposite decision."



#### Design

- Very fast and scalable (an order of magnitude faster than some other systems).
- Distributed (each repository contains the entire history).
- Include very strong safeguards against corruption, either accidental or malicious.



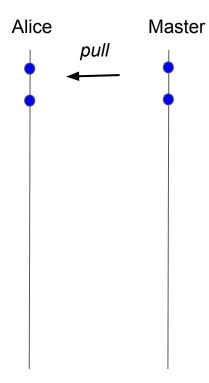
#### Design

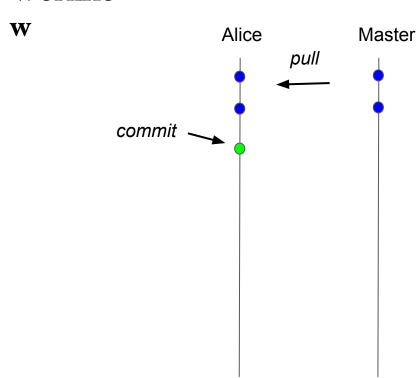
- Everything is SHA-1 protected.
- If anything changes, git will know about it.

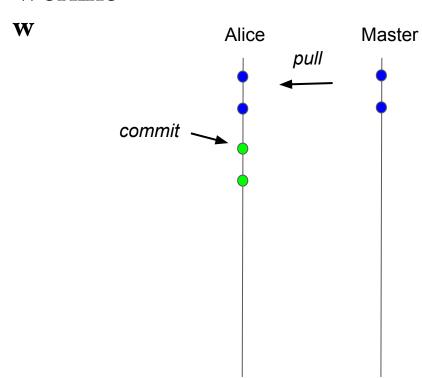


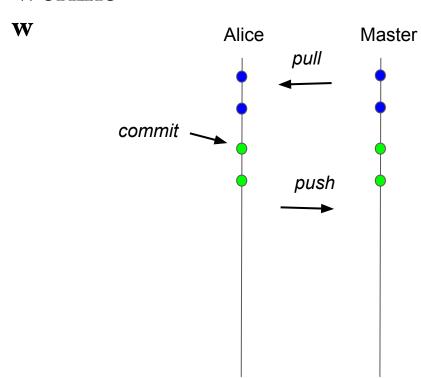
# How does it work?

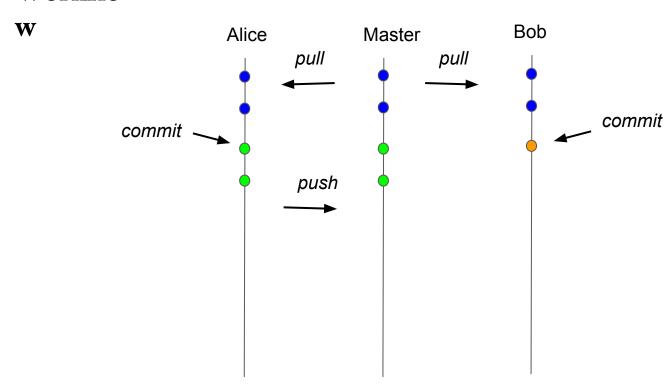
 $\mathbf{W}$ 

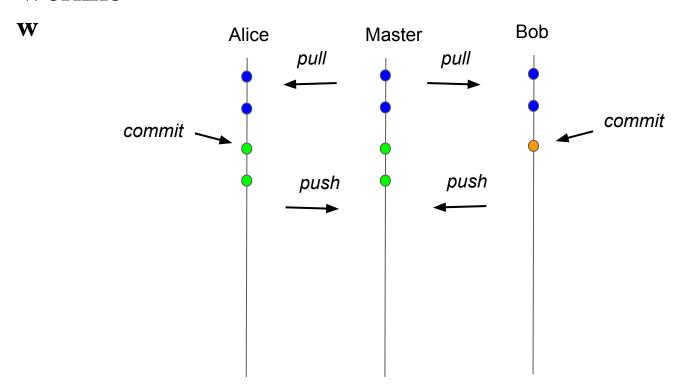


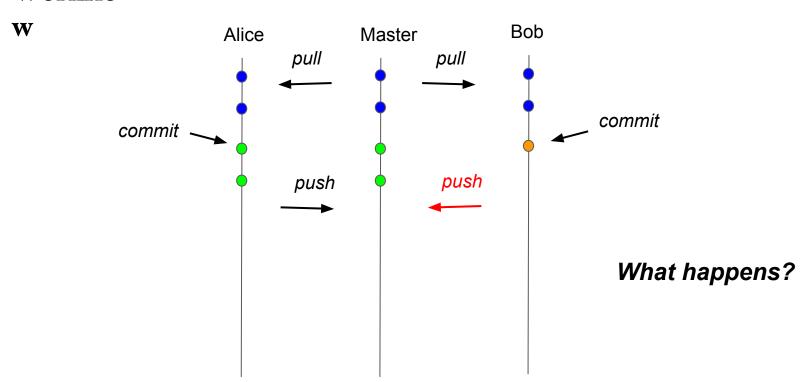




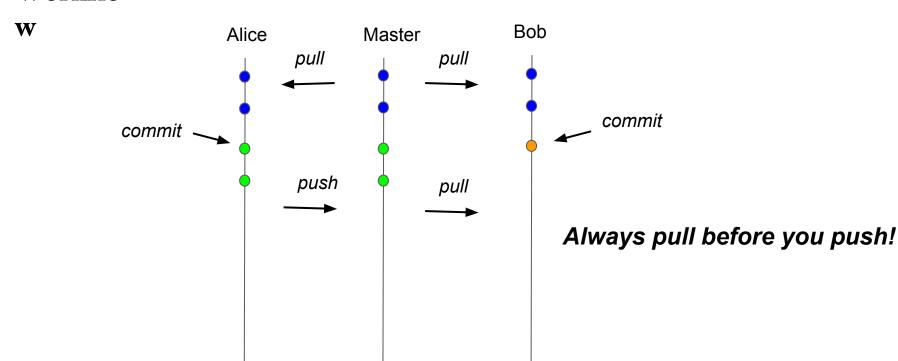


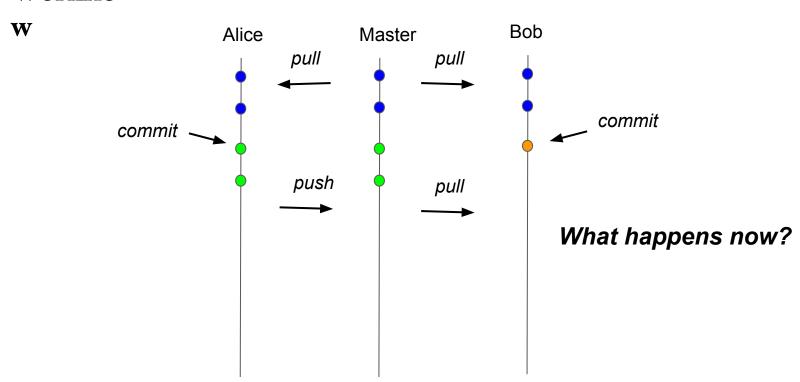


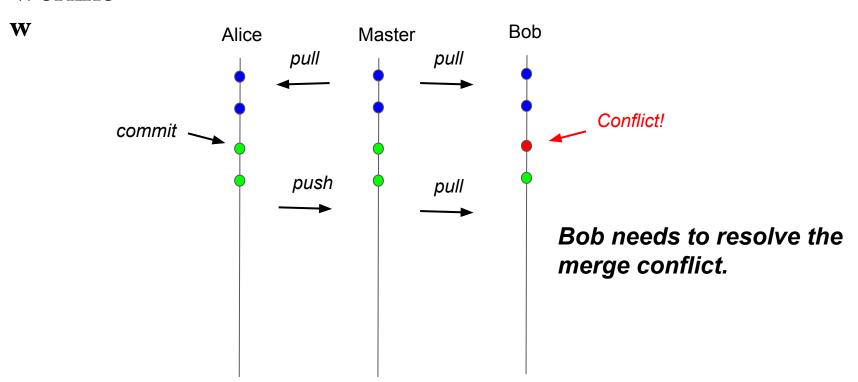




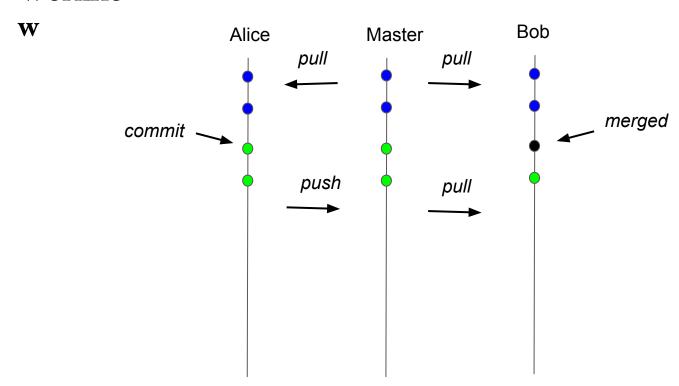
 $\mathbf{W}$ Bob Alice Master pull pull commit commit push The server refuses the push request.

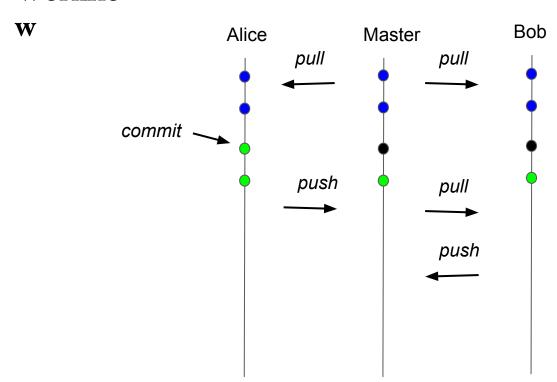


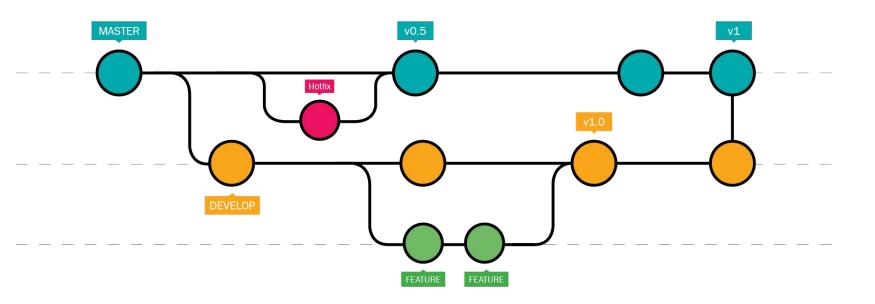




 $\mathbf{W}$ Bob Alice Master pull pull Conflict! commit push pull Bob needs to resolve the merge conflict. When do merge conflicts occur?









## How to use it?



#### Set up your identity

Edit ~/.gitconfig

#### [user]

- > email = hauser@isi.edu
- > name = Christophe Hauser



#### New repo

```
git init
git add <files>
    e.g., git add *

git commit <files>
    e.g., git commit -a
```



### Understanding what changed

What did I modify since last commit? git diff

Am I tracking all files? Are there deleted/modified files? git status

What is the history of changes? git log

What changed since two commits ago? git diff HEAD~2



#### **Branches**

New branch
git checkout -b <branch name>

Switch to ("checkout") another branch
git checkout <branch name>

What branches are there?/What branch am I on? git branch

Merge another branch into local branch git merge <br/> tranch name>



# Merge conflicts



# Understanding what changed

Use colors!git diff --colors

Edit ~/.gitconfig

```
[color]
```

- branch = auto
- diff = auto
- interactive = auto
- > status = auto



# Understanding what changed

git log -p git blame git diff --color-words | fold git diff --word-diff



# Hands-on use case.



#### Let's try it out.

```
git clone
https://git.overleaf.com/17341195ytzbqfkdyvjh
```

```
git log
git blame main.tex
```



#### Let's try it out.

- 1. Fix just one spelling mistake and commit/pull/push
- 2. A. Create your own local branch off the original commit.
  - git checkout -b "my\_branch"
  - B. Fix all spelling mistake and commit.
  - C. checkout the master branch, pull and merge your branch into it.
- 3. Reset the master branch to the original commit.
- 4. Fix one grammar mistake or rephrase one bit of a sentence and commit/pull/push